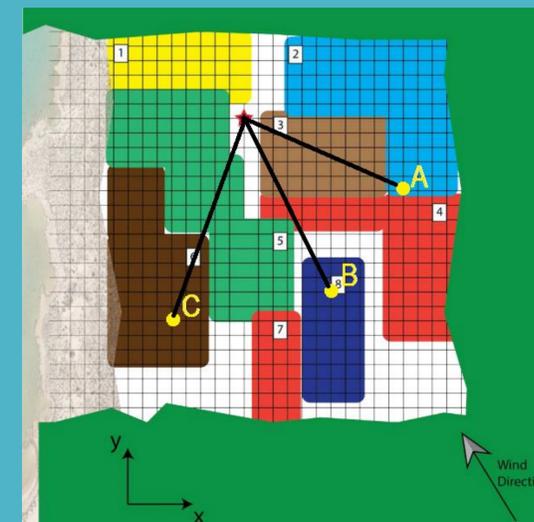


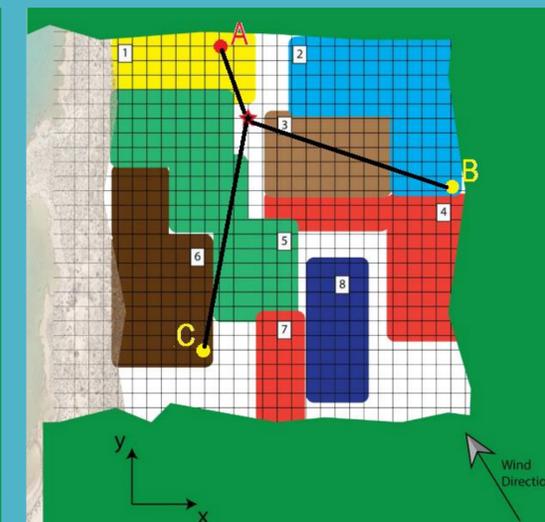
Wind Turbine Project

ES2501

	Configuration 1	Configuration 2
Cable Sector, Location (x,y) in meters, A	2,(11,-5)	4,(11,-13)
B	6,(-5,-14)	7,(3,-19)
C	8,(6,-12)	8,(6,-12)
Height of Balloon (m)	59.60	77.00
Vector, bA (m)	11i-5j-59.60k	11i-13j-77.00k
bB (m)	-5i-14j-59.60k	3i-19j-77.00k
bC (m)	6i-12j-59.60k	6i-12j-77.00k
Length bA ($ \mathbf{bA} =\sqrt{A_x^2+A_y^2+A_z^2}$) (m)	60.81	78.86
bB ($ \mathbf{bB} =\sqrt{B_x^2+B_y^2+B_z^2}$) (m)	61.43	79.37
bC ($ \mathbf{bC} =\sqrt{C_x^2+C_y^2+C_z^2}$) (m)	61.09	78.16
Total Length (bA+bB+bC) (m)	183.33	236.39
Cost of Cable (\$75/m*Total Length)	\$13,749.75	\$17,729.02
Unit Vector of F_A (bA/ba)	.181i-.082j-.980k	.139i-.165j-.976k
$u F_B$ (bB/bB)	-.081i-.228j-.970k	.038i-.239j-.970k
$u F_C$ (bC/bC)	.098i-.196j-.976k	.077i-.154j-.985k
Required Resultant Force (N)	100i-200j-1000k	100i-200j-1000k
X-Balance Equation	.181 F_A -.081 F_B +.098 F_C =100	.139 F_A +.038 F_B +.077 F_C =100
Y	-.082 F_A -.228 F_B -.196 F_C =-200	-.165 F_A -.239 F_B -.154 F_C =-200
Z	-.980 F_A -.970 F_B -.976 F_C =-1000	-.976 F_A -.970 F_B -.985 F_C =-1000
F_A (N) (using equation solver)	14.62	595.63
F_B (N)	10.46	415.00
F_C (N)	999.93	16.03
Cost of A	\$250	\$500
B	\$10,000	\$1,000
C	\$500	\$500
Total Construction Cost	\$10,750	\$2,000
Cost of Balloon	\$125,000	\$125,000
Total Cost (Constn+Balloon+Cable)	\$149,499.75	\$144,729.02
Power Revenue (\$5/meter/day*height)	\$298/day	\$385/day
Payback Time (Total Cost/Power Rev)	502 days	376 days
Social Impact Score A	-3	-6
B	+8	-4
C	0	0
Net SIS	+5	-2



Configuration 1



Configuration 2

Note: All coordinates are from the point directly below the balloon (0,0,0).

Zone	Construction Cost	Social Impact Score
1	\$5000	-4
2	\$250	-3
3	\$400	-4
4	\$500	-6
5	\$1,000	-4
6	\$10,000	+8
7	\$1,000	+4
8	\$500	0

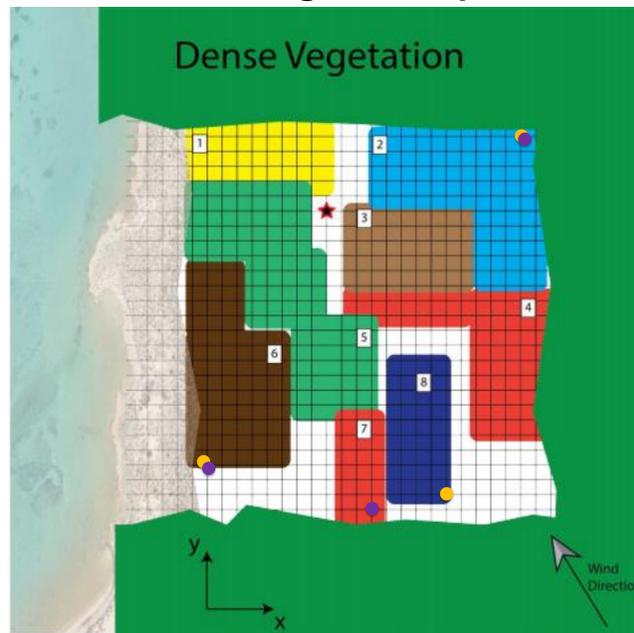
Background

One of the largest problems facing sub-Saharan Africa currently is the lack of access to electricity. Bringing electricity to small villages allows residents to efficiently purify their own water, cook without risking fires, and light their homes with more than just daylight. The Alaeos Energies balloon wind tunnel will allow a village the benefits of power at relatively low cost, provided the design will last.

Building Costs and Social Impact Summary

Zone	Construction Cost	Social Impact Score
1	\$5000	-4
2	\$250	-3
3	\$400	-4
4	\$500	-6
5	\$1,000	-4
6	\$10,000	+8
7	\$1,000	+4
8	\$500	0

Building Site Map



1 grid square = 1 meter

Balloon may not be anchored in dense vegetation, on beach, or in a non-numbered zone.

Configuration 1: Orange; Configuration 2: Purple

Proposed configurations

Our first proposed configuration is with one anchor each in Zones 2, 6, and 8. Zone 2 is less desirable because it interferes with rhinoceros migration. However, the desirability of the government-subsidized land in Zone 8, and the positive social impact of Zone 6 require that Zone 2 also be used to reduce the maximum force on the cables helping to anchor the balloon.

The second proposed configuration places the same anchors in Zones 2 and 6. However, this configuration moves the third anchor point to Zone 7. Building an anchor point in Zone 7 would help reduce the region's mosquito population. This further increases the social impact of the balloon project. However, in this configuration altitude is limited to 60 m, increasing the payback time.



<http://www.altaeosenergies.com/company.html>

Social Impact

The social impact of the first proposed solution is +5. The social impact of the second proposed solution is +9. Both have positive social impact, meaning overall the presence of the balloon will positively affect the community.

Calculations

Configuration 1:

$$\vec{F}_{wind} = -100\hat{i} + 200\hat{j} + 1000\hat{k} \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = -8\hat{i} - 18\hat{j} - 80\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = 13\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 80\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{r}_3 = 8\hat{i} - 19\hat{j} - 80\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$r_1 = \sqrt{(-8)^2 + (-18)^2 + (-80)^2} = 82.39 \text{ m}$$

$$r_2 = 81.20 \text{ m}$$

$$r_3 = 82.61 \text{ m}$$

$$\Sigma F_x = -100 + F_1 \left(\frac{-8}{82.39} \right) + F_2 \left(\frac{13}{81.20} \right) + F_3 \left(\frac{8}{82.61} \right) = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 200 + F_1 \left(\frac{-18}{82.39} \right) + F_2 \left(\frac{5}{81.20} \right) + F_3 \left(\frac{-19}{82.61} \right) = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_z = 1000 + F_1 \left(\frac{-80}{82.39} \right) + F_2 \left(\frac{-80}{81.20} \right) + F_3 \left(\frac{-80}{82.61} \right) = 0$$

$$F_1 = 31.71 \text{ N}$$

$$F_2 = 125.25 \text{ N}$$

$$F_3 = 865.61 \text{ N}$$

$$Price = 75 * (r_1 + r_2 + r_3) + 125,000 + 10,000 + 500 + 250 = \$154,215.00$$

$$Payback \text{ time} = \frac{Price}{5 * 80} = 386 \text{ days}$$

Configuration 2:

$$\vec{F}_{wind} = -100\hat{i} + 200\hat{j} + 1000\hat{k} \text{ N}$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = -8\hat{i} - 18\hat{j} - 60\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = 13\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 60\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{r}_3 = 3\hat{i} - 21\hat{j} - 60\hat{k} \text{ m}$$

$$F_1 = 39.97 \text{ N}$$

$$F_2 = 350.86 \text{ N}$$

$$F_3 = 657.88 \text{ N}$$

$$Price = 75 * (r_1 + r_2 + r_3) + 125,000 + 10,000 + 1000 + 250 = \$150,378.92$$

$$Payback \text{ time} = \frac{Price}{5 * 80} = 502 \text{ days}$$

Benefits

Both of these systems are static, so they will not move in the wind, reducing fatigue on the cables. Assuming the wind stays constant, the overall stress on the cables will never exceed the 1000 N force limit for the cables, so they will likely last several years. Both of these systems also have positive social impact, meaning that despite disruptions to some environments, overall the building of the system will positively impact the community, providing job opportunities and minimal impact on the environment.

Comparison of Configurations

The first configuration will cost approximately \$154,000. The village will be able to pay this figure back in approximately 386 days. The second configuration will cost \$150,000 and will require 502 days to pay back. While both configurations will last a very long time and will provide the necessary power to this community, the first configuration is preferred due to the significantly shorter payback time.